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IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend claim 42 so that the claims read as follows:

1. (Original): A light guide for a surface light source device, having a plate-like shape,

which guides light emitted from a point primary light source and which has a light incident end

surface for receiving the light from the primary light source and a light outputting surface for

outputting the guided light,

wherein a plurality of elongated concave/convex structures extending substantially along

a direction of directivity of the light which has entered the light guide in a plane along the light

outputting surface and arranged substantially in parallel to each other are formed on one of the

light outputting surface and a back surface on an opposite side and, at least in the vicinity of the

primary light source, a shape of a section of the plurality of elongated concave/convex structures

in a plane perpendicular to extending directions thereof is such that an existence proportion of

angle components of 20° or more and 50° or less of an absolute value of an inclination angle

formed by a tangent in each micro area with an elongated concave/convex structure forming

surface is 10% or more.

2. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein each of the elongated concave/convex structures is elongated lens, and the plurality of

elongated concave/convex structures are constituted of a plurality of repeatedly arranged

elongated lenses having substantially the same shape.

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3. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein a part or all of the surface of each of the elongated concave/convex structures is

roughened.

4. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the existence proportion of angle components of α° or more and $\alpha^{\circ}+10^{\circ}$ or less in the

absolute value of the inclination angle is 60% or less with respect to all angles α° of 0° or more

and 80° or less at least in the vicinity of the primary light source.

5. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface has a region A which is

positioned in the vicinity of the primary light source and in which the elongated concave/convex

structures are formed, and a region B which is positioned in the vicinity of the region A and in

which the elongated concave/convex structures are formed, and a sectional shape of the region A

is different from that of the region B.

6. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 5,

wherein the existence proportion of angle components of 30° or more and 50° or less in the

absolute value of the inclination angle in the region B is smaller than that in the region A.

7. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 5,

wherein a valley portion inclination angle of the elongated concave/convex structures formed in

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the region B is smaller than that of the elongated concave/convex structures formed in the region

A.

8. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 5,

wherein a shape of the elongated concave/convex structures formed in the region B gradually

changes depending on a position.

9. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 5,

wherein the region B is formed in a part or all of an end portion of an effective light emitting

region in the vicinity of the primary light source.

10. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 5,

wherein substantially all of the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface except the

region A is the region B.

11. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 5,

wherein the region B is formed in a band shape.

12. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 5,

wherein the region B is formed in an island shape.

13. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the existence proportion of angle components of 35° or more and 60° or less in the

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absolute value of the inclination angle is 4% or more and 55% or less, or the existence proportion

of angle components of 15° or less in the absolute value of the inclination angle is 25% or more

and 85% or less at least in the vicinity of the primary light source.

14. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the sectional shape of all or a part of the elongated concave/convex structures is

constituted of an outwardly convex curved line.

15. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the sectional shape of all or a part of the elongated concave/convex structure is

constituted of an outwardly concave curved line.

16. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the sectional shape of all or a part of the elongated concave/convex structure is

constituted of a curved line having an outwardly convex region and an outward concave region.

17. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the sectional shape of all or a part of the elongated concave/convex structure is a

substantially polygonal shape.

18. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the sectional shape of all or a part of the elongated concave/convex structure has a shape

in which a straight line is combined with a curved line.

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19. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein in the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface, a first region in which the

elongated concave/convex structures each having curved line shape as the sectional shape are

arranged is formed in the vicinity of the primary light source, and a second region in which the

elongated concave/convex structures each having substantially polygonal shapes as the sectional

shapes are arranged is formed adjacent to the first region.

20. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 19,

wherein a maximum value of the existence proportion of angle components of α° or more and

 $\alpha^{\circ}+10^{\circ}$ or less in the absolute value of the inclination angle obtained with respect to all angles α°

of 0° or more and 80° or less in the second region is larger than that in the first region.

21. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface is one obtained in such a

manner that a part or all of an elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer surface of a

mold is blasted, and the elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer surface is transferred

by forming using the mold.

22. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface is one obtained in such a

manner that a part or all of an elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer surface of a

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mold is polished, and the elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer surface is

transferred by forming using the mold.

23. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface is one obtained in such a

manner that a part or all of a elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer surface of a mold

is etched, and the elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer surface is transferred by

forming using the mold.

24. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface has a blast trace in a part or all

thereof.

25. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the elongated concave/convex structure forming surface is one obtained in such a

manner that a first elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer surface is transferred by

forming using a first mold having the first elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer

surface to obtain a formed material, the surface obtained by blasting a part or all of the surface of

the formed material corresponding to the first elongated concave/convex structure shape transfer

surface is transferred to obtain a second mold having a second elongated concave/convex

structure shape transfer surface, and the second elongated concave/convex structure shape

transfer surface is transferred by the forming using the second mold.

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26. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein the light incident end surface is constituted of an anisotropic rough surface, and an

average inclination angle of the anisotropic rough surface in a direction along the light outputting

surface is larger than that in a direction perpendicular to the light outputting surface.

27. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 26,

wherein in the anisotropic rough surface, the average inclination angle in the direction along the

light outputting surface is 3° to 30°, and the average inclination angle in the direction

perpendicular to the light outputting surface is 5° or less.

28. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 26,

wherein in the anisotropic rough surface, a length of a region having an inclination angle of 8° or

more with respect to an anisotropic rough surface forming surface in measurement in a direction

perpendicular to the light outputting surface is 5% or less of a total measured length.

29. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 26,

wherein in the anisotropic rough surface, the surface of an elongated lens extending in a direction

perpendicular to the light outputting surface is roughened.

30. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein a light outputting functional structure is disposed in at least one of the light outputting

surface and the back surface and/or inside the light guide.

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31. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 30,

wherein the light outputting functional structure comprises a rough surface or a plurality of

substantially mutually parallel elongated lenses formed on at least one of the light outputting

surface and the back surface, and the elongated lenses substantially extend in a direction of

directivity of light which has entered the light guide or a direction perpendicular to the direction

of directivity of light.

32. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 31,

wherein an average inclination angle of the plurality of elongated lenses is 0.2° to 20° in the

direction of the directivity of the light which has entered the light guide.

33. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 31,

wherein the surfaces of the plurality of elongated lenses are roughened.

34. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 30,

wherein the light outputting functional structure comprises a component in the light guide, whose

refractive index is different from that of a main component of the light guide inside.

35. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein a necessary light spread angle is 100° or more and a region in which the existence

proportion of angle components of 30° or more and 50° or less in the absolute value of the

inclination angle is 10% or more is formed substantially in all of a region from the light incident

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end surface to an effective light emitting region in the elongated concave/convex structure

forming surface.

36. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein a necessary light spread angle is 90° or more and a region in which the existence

proportion of angle components of 25° or more and 50° or less in the absolute value of the

inclination angle is 20% or more is formed in a part or all of a region from the light incident end

surface to an effective light emitting region in the elongated concave/convex structure forming

surface.

37. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein a necessary light spread angle is 80° or more and a region in which the existence

proportion of angle components of 25° or more and 50° or less in the absolute value of the

inclination angle is 10% or more is formed in a part or all of a region from the light incident end

surface to an effective light emitting region in the elongated concave/convex structure forming

surface.

38. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein a necessary light spread angle is 70° or more and a region in which the existence

proportion of angle components of 20° or more and 50° or less in the absolute value of the

inclination angle is 10% or more is formed in a part or all of a region from the light incident end

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surface to an effective light emitting region in the elongated concave/convex structure forming

surface.

39. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 1,

wherein a plurality of obliquely elongated lenses extending in an oblique direction with respect

to the direction of the directivity of the light which has entered the light guide are formed in the

vicinity of an edge in which the light incident end surface is formed in the light outputting

surface or the back surface.

40. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 39,

wherein the obliquely elongated lenses extend in a direction inclined at an angle corresponding

to a half of a necessary light spread angle with respect to the direction of the directivity of the

light which has entered the light guide.

41. (Original): The light guide for the surface light source device according to claim 39,

wherein in a shape of a section perpendicular to the extending direction of the obliquely

elongated lenses, the existence proportion of angle components of 20° or more and 50° or less in

the absolute value of the inclination angle formed by a tangent of each micro region with the

obliquely elongated lens forming surface is 10% or more.

42. (Currently Amended): A surface light source device comprising: a light guide for the

surface light source device, according to any one of claims 1 to 41 claim 1; the primary light

source disposed adjacent to the light incident end surface of the light guide; and at least one light

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deflection element disposed adjacent to a light outputting surface of the light guide, the light

deflection element having a light entrance surface positioned facing the light outputting surface

of the light guide, and a light exit surface on an opposite side, and comprising a plurality of

elongated lenses extending in a direction substantially parallel to an incident end edge on which

the light incident end surface of the light guide is formed and extending in parallel to one another

on the light entrance surface of the light deflection element adjacent to the light guide.

43. (Original): The surface light source device according to claim 42, wherein each of

the plurality of elongated lenses of the light entrance surface of the light deflection element

comprises two surfaces, and totally reflects the light which has been incident on one of the

surfaces by the other surface.

44. (Original): The surface light source device according to claim 42, wherein a light

reflection element is disposed facing the back surface of the light guide.

45. (Original): The surface light source device according to claim 42, wherein the light

incident end surface is formed in one end edge or one corner portion of the light guide.

46. (Original): The surface light source device according to claim 45, wherein a plurality

of primary light sources are arranged at an interval adjacent to the one end edge or corner portion

of the light guide, and a region in which the existence proportion of angle components of 30° or

more and 50° or less in the absolute value of the inclination angle is 10% or more is disposed in

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the vicinity of the end edge of the light guide in such a manner that lights coming from the

adjacent primary light sources are superimposed upon each other in the region.

47. (Original): The surface light source device according to claim 45, wherein a plurality

of primary light sources are arranged at an interval adjacent to the one end edge or corner portion

of the light guide, and an average inclination angle of a light outputting functional structure of

the light guide in a region of the front surface of the primary light source is different from that in

a region between the primary light sources.

48. (Original): The surface light source device according to claim 45, wherein a plurality

of primary light sources are arranged at an interval adjacent to the one end edge or corner portion

of the light guide and, when only one of the primary light sources is turned on, normal luminance

is measured at an interval of 1 mm in a length direction of a 0.5 mm wide region of 3 mm to 3.5

mm from the edge of an effective light emitting region of the light guide on the side of the light

incident end surface, and a relation between a measurement position and the luminance is

plotted, a half-value width distance obtained is in a range of 0.8 time to 1.2 times with respect to

a distance between the adjacent primary light sources.